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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/872,059	06/01/2001	Lin Yang	6024-003	2292
32566 73	590 12/19/2005		EXAMINER	
PATENT LAW GROUP LLP			MOORE, IAN N	
2635 NORTH I	FIRST STREET			
SUITE 223			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, CA	A 95134		2661	

DATE MAILED: 12/19/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			.				
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/872,059	YANG ET AL.	:			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		lan N. Moore	2661				
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Reply	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address -				
WHICH - Extensi after SI - If NO p - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLIEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DOING ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Beriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutily received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	OATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become a	ICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 L</u>	<u>December 2005</u> .					
, —	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Thi						
• -	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
C	losed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositio	n of Claims						
4) × (4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are allowed.						
-	Claim(s) <u>6-10</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement					
0) (main(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.					
Applicatio	n Papers						
,	he specification is objected to by the Examin						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	applicant may not request that any objection to the			٦/			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct he oath or declaration is objected to by the E			u).			
11)	ne call of declaration is objected to by the L	Xammer. Note the attach	Su Office Action of John 1 10-102.				
Priority ur	der 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)∐ A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) <u></u>] All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1	Certified copies of the priority documen						
_	Certified copies of the priority documen						
č	Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Burea		n received in this National Stage				
* Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a lis	•	ot received.				
36	to the ditables detailed embe determent and	1 2. 1 23 33 day 33 ft.					
Attachment(. □	. O (DTC 110)				
	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date				
3) Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	C	f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claim 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter on the basis of the claim invention preempts an abstract idea (§ 101 Judicial exceptions).

Claim 6 discloses a system estimating timing of at least one of the beginning and the end of a received signal in the presence of time day in a signal transmission channel in an OFDM system, the system comprising a computer that is programmed:

to provide...PN (t;K)...; to receive...Rc(t)...; to form a composite signal...Rc (t; ; to form a remainder signal...; and to determine....

As described above, claim 6 recites a system discloses comprising a computer that is programmed to perform series of mathematical formula process/step (i.e. to provide...PN (t;K), to receive..Rc(t), to from...) without any substation practical application. Thus, the claimed series of steps cover every substantial practical application of an abstract idea, thereby; the claim invention preempts a 101 judicial exception of abstract idea.

For claims including such excluded subject matter to be eligible, the claim must be for a practical application of the abstract idea, law of nature, or natural phenomenon. Diehr, 450 U.S. at 187, 209 USPQ at 8 ("application of a law of nature or mathematical formula to a known structure or process may well be deserving of patent protection."); Benson, 409 U.S. at 71, 175 USPQ at 676 (rejecting formula claim because it "has no substantial practical application"). The

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claimed does not in reality "seek[] patent protection for that formula in the abstract." Diehr, 450 U.S. at 191, 209 USPQ at 10. "Phenomena of nature, though just discovered, mental processes, abstract intellectual concepts are not patentable, as they are the basic tools of scientific and technological work." Benson, 409 U.S. at 67, 175 USPQ at 675. One may not patent a process that comprises every "substantial practical application" of an abstract idea, because such a patent "in practical effect would be a patent on the [abstract idea] itself." Benson, 409 U.S. at 71-72, 175 USPQ at 676; cf. Diehr, 450 U.S. at 187, 209 USPQ at 8 (stressing that the patent applicants in that case did "not seek to pre-empt the use of [an] equation," but instead sought only to "foreclose from others the use of that equation in conjunction with all of the other steps in their claimed process"). "To hold otherwise would allow a competent draftsman to evade the recognized limitations on the type of subject matter eligible for patent protection." Diehr, 450 U.S. at 192, 209 USPQ at 10. Thus, a claim that recites a computer that solely calculates a mathematical formula (see Benson) or a computer disk that solely stores a mathematical formula is not directed to the type of subject matter eligible for patent protection.

If the "acts" of a claimed process manipulate only numbers, abstract concepts or ideas, or signals representing any of the foregoing, the acts are not being applied to appropriate subject matter. Schrader, 22 F.3d at 294-95, 30 USPQ2d at 1458-59. Thus, a process consisting solely of mathematical operations, i.e., converting one set of numbers into another set of numbers, does not manipulate appropriate subject matter and thus cannot constitute a statutory process.

In accordance with MPEP (see MPEP 2106), in practical terms, claims define nonstatutory processes if they:

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- consist solely of mathematical operations without some claimed practical application (i.e., executing a "mathematical algorithm"); or

- simply manipulate abstract ideas, e.g., a bid (Schrader, 22 F.3d at 293-94, 30 USPQ2d at 1458-59) or a bubble hierarchy (Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1360, 31USPQ2d at 1759), without some claimed practical application.

Therefore, it is clear that the claimed invention <u>preempts</u> a § 101 judicial exception of the abstraction since the processes set forth in the claim 6 covers <u>every</u> substantial practical application thereof (emphasis added).

Claims 7-10 are also rejected for the same reason as stated above.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments see pages 6-10, filed 12-5-05, with respect to **claims 1-5** have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 1-5 has been withdrawn.
- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 12-5-05, regarding **claim 6** (i.e. a system discloses comprising <u>a computer</u> that is programmed), have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claim 6, the applicant argues that "...claim 6 meets the statutory subject matter requirement under 101 by reciting "to determine from the remainder signal at least one time at which selected sequence PN.... associated with said at least one receive padded signal frame begins in the received signal Rc(t)....when considered as a whole, provides a "time" value a useful, concrete and tangible result and the claim invention as a whole accomplishes a practical application..." in page 13, paragraph 2.

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In response to argument, examiner respectively disagrees with the above applicant argument. "Determining from the remainder signal at least one time" is a step/process of the abstract/mathematical formula/function since there is no practical application (e.g. providing time synchronization between transmit and receive stations, or equivalent thereof). Since the claimed invention comprises series of steps with no practical application, the claimed series of steps cover every substantial practical application of an abstract idea, thereby; the claim invention preempts a 101 judicial exception of abstract idea. Thus, claim 6 is non-statutory.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 5. Claims 1-5 are allowed.
- 6. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Claims 1-5 are allowable over the prior art of record since the cited reference taken individually or in combination fails to particularly disclose the following italic limitations:

In claim 1, ...forming a remainder signal...and determining from the remainder signal at least one time at which said selected sequence PN(t,k) (k=K1,K1+1,...,k2) associated with said at least one padded signal frame begins in the received signal Rc(t) ... in combination with other limitations recited as specified in Claim 1.

Note that the closet prior art Kleider (US006487252B1) discloses a method of estimating timing of at least one of the beginning and the end of a transmitted signal segment in the presence of time delay in a signal transmission channel in an OFDM system, the method comprising the steps of providing a set of pseudo-random signal m-sequence for which a convolution signal, appending a selected PN from the set of PN sequence to form a padded

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frame, transmitting at least one padded frame, receiving a received signal; see FIG. 1,3,2,6; see col. 5, line 40 to col. 8, line 60.

Kleider fails to disclose forming a remainder signal from received signal and composite signal and determining from the remainder signal a sequence PN begins in the receive frame.

Thus, Kleider fails to disclose or render obvious the above limitations as claimed.

Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ian N. Moore whose telephone number is 571-272-3085. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM- 6:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chau Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-3126. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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